

PRICE  
TRIAL  
NOW ON

Many Witnesses Have Been  
Subpoenaed and Many  
Exhibits Introduced

## LITTLE INTEREST IS TAKEN

A Number of Prominent Attorneys Declare  
That it is Going to be Difficult to  
Prove Anything Against Price

The trial of former County Treasurer Lewis C. Price opened on Tuesday. At twelve o'clock the jury had been selected and the opening arguments started as soon as court convened after dinner. The following twelve men comprise the jury: C. J. Pettis, Oris Swenson, Otto Jahrend, J. T. McHugh, Albert Larson, David Erwin, Samuel Rothenbach, Wilson King, George Garrey, Henry Eggers, Herman Ensign, and J. Chamberlain.

It is generally thought that the trial will last for several days, and two of the most important witnesses slated to appear are E. B. Williams and W. S. Westlake. The defense will probably rely strongly upon the report of the auditors, which, it is claimed, laid no blame on Price.

Mrs. Fred Ames has been subpoenaed to act as witness against her husband's first assistant, and Miss Tad Santmeyer Mr. Ames' sister-in-law has also been subpoenaed to take the witness stand. James Marsailles and Charles Ames ex-deputies to the county treasurer, Carl P. Westerfield, present treasurer, Mr. Smiley, accountant for Young & Co., and Lew Hendee, county clerk, are the only witnesses who have taken the stand thus far.

By evidence introduced it has been shown that Lewis C. Price had active charge of drawing up the cash drawer register every evening, entries were made in accordance with dictations made by several attaches of the office. It was further shown that there were seven clerks employed in the county treasurers office who were empowered by Mr. Ames' alleged instructions to make payments from the cash drawer.

States Attorney Joslin of McHenry has taken active charge of the prosecution. It is anticipated that States Attorney Dady will deliver the arguments to the jury at the close of the case.

Already sixty exhibits have been introduced by the state. These exhibits include state warrants, record books and vouchers of various nature.

If, as has been asserted, several people had access to the till book and entries were made in several different handwritings, a number of prominent attorneys are of the opinion that it will be rather difficult to attach any blame onto Price.

It was expected all along that when the case finally came to trial that considerable interest would be shown and that the court room would be crowded at all times. This however is not the case, only a small number aside from those vitally interested in the matter seeming to pay any attention to it.

## Two Trials.

A youth was going out to his first formal dinner party. His mother said: "Now don't forget your manners, James; be sure to say something complimentary when the food is passed." He endeavored to do so. When butter was served he remarked pleasantly: "This is pretty good butter, what there is of it." The remark was not well received; he saw that he had made a mistake, and he endeavored to correct it by saying, "And there's plenty of it, such as it is."

## The Dog and the Flea.

Dog fanciers realize the difficulty of separating the animals from the fleas which often inhabit them. Few of the older methods are entirely satisfactory, but a Chicago electrical man is authority for the statement that the use of the vacuum cleaner is most efficacious.

## Normal Children.

All proper children are destructive. That is their way of finding out what things are made of. But they get over it. It is not well to take their inconvenient activities too seriously. —George Hodges, in Atlanta.

## PIONEER RESIDENT DEAD

Christopher Webb of Hickory Passes Away  
at Ripe Old Age

Friday morning, of last week, at 7:30 o'clock, Mr. Christopher Webb passed away at his home at Hickory. Brights disease coupled with the infirmities of age being the cause of his death.

Christopher H. Webb was born in Herkimer county, New York, in the year 1820, September 5. As a boy he received a common school education while working on his father's farm.

When 25 years of age he sought and won his life's companion who preceded him to that realm from whence no wanderer ever returns, Sept. 10, 1909.

It was in the spring of the same year, 1845, that he heard and heeded the "Call of the West," and came directly to Lake county, Ill., where two brothers, Thomas and Charles, had preceded him. From his brother he bought the place which he called home ever after. At one time Antioch Road was known as Webb St., two miles of it having belonged to the Webb brothers.

During his early days in Lake county he again listened to the "Call of the West" and in company with two friends started out with an ox team to California where he remained for three years working in the mines.

Though reticent in his later life, he was yet willing to tell of his long march across the prairie and desert, of his meetings with the Indians and his fight with wind and weather. A longing for home and wife brought him back to Lake county by way of the Pacific ocean and the Panama canal.

But for three years spent in California he has been a farmer all his life. Those who knew him will always remember his sturdy frame, his congenial disposition, his decisive speech and his rich bass voice.

As a farmer he was known far and wide for his ability in swinging the cradle. Few in his day could cradle wheat as he. Although never a member of a church he did a father's part in advising and encouraging his children to attend.

He leaves to mourn him one son, D. B. Webb, one daughter, Eva Webb, one granddaughter, Mrs. Mattie Edwards of Chicago, and two great grandchildren.

His death was not a sudden one as for the past two years he had been declining rapidly and the beginning of the end came about five weeks ago. For 36 hours before Death's Angel came he was without pain and without knowledge of things of this earth. The end came peacefully at the age of 90 years, 8 months and 7 days. Those who knew him best called him "Kitt" and to them "Kitt" will ever be his name.

The funeral services were held at the Hickory church at 2 o'clock Sunday, Rev. O. Z. Winker, assisted by Rev. A. O. Stixrud, having charge. The remains were laid at rest in the Hickory cemetery.

PROPHECIES THE  
DESTRUCTION OF  
WORLD BY FIRE

In the current issue of Leaves of Healing, Overseer Wilbur Glenn Voliva of Zion City asserts that the Biblical "gospel age" of earth is ending, and that the millennial age is close at hand, when those who do not believe will be consumed by fire. He says that in a former cycle water overwhelmed the earth because its people were so wicked and that now that all have been given a chance to believe, or nearly all, the gospel age is about to close. In this connection, he asserts, Zion City is the only place of refuge in the world for "God's people" and issues a call for the world to come to Zion City, the Mount Ararat of the Millennial age.

## Gun Club Shoot

At the Gun Club shoot held last Sunday the follow is the score:

Shot at Broke	
W. Selter.....	160
B. Rothers.....	116
R. Smith.....	104
H. Tiffany.....	91
B. H. Overton.....	76
H. Cushing.....	69
R. Tiffany.....	55
The last shoot for the prizes will be held on Sunday, May 21st.	

## Where They Disagreed.

Meyerbeer and Rossini, in spite of all their rivalries, were the warmest of friends. Rossini once said: "Meyerbeer and I can never agree." When some one in surprise asked why, he replied: "Meyerbeer likes sauerkraut better than he does macaroni."

## Form and Color First.

As compared with form and color, words in the mind's infancy are but an imperfect means of conveying adequate notions of things.

TO OPERATE  
BY THE 4TH  
OF JULY

Editor Palatine Enterprise is  
Confident Cars Will Run  
by that Date

## PAYMENT SOCK NECESSARY

Taken as a Whole He Feels That the  
Progress of the Road Has Been  
Very Remarkable

The most oft repeated question heard on the street these days is "How is the Electric Road coming on?" Palatine people are anxiously waiting the date when the cars will run as so many of our people are stock holders the editor has taken pains to learn the exact condition of the road, its affairs and the outlook for the future, says the Palatine Enterprise, with reference to the Waukegan, Rockford and Elgin Traction Company.

The road is being built from the public's money and as is well known there are no big money men to advance the money. It is a people's road and it can be built just as fast as the people pay in that money. Every bill has been paid, there is no indebtedness and the bank balance is in the neighborhood of \$10,000. There still remains \$78,000 to be paid in by the subscribers to stock which is ample to complete the line. \$50,000 will pay for rails, ties and laying the same. The big steel companies sell steel rails for cash only and the money to meet bills of lading must be in the banks before goods are shipped. The more anxious the people are to have the road completed that more quicker will they pay up their stock which means operation in a short time.

The officers of the road believe in taking the stockholders into their confidence and the promptness with which they open their books for inspection shows that they are desirous of publicity and when they sent out notices this week asking for prompt payment of subscriptions they came out frankly and stated why it is very desirous that as many as possible pay their subscriptions in full. No man can expect to build a railroad on wind. It takes money and the sooner the money is paid in, that much sooner will the conductor cry out "All aboard."

The Event of the Season  
OPERA HOUSE, ANTIOCH  
Tuesday Evening, January 28, '96.

MR. C. A. MINER,

The Gifted Young Author, late of Wood's Theatre, Cincinnati, Ohio, in his highly emotional and society Drama, in five acts and prologue, entitled:

## Driven from Home!

Supported by a carefully selected and well drilled Amateur Dramatic Co.,

## Under Auspices of Lotus Camp, No. 557, M. W. A.

There is an old adage to the effect that "history repeats itself" and this it seems has come true in regard to the play "Driven From Home" which is on this (Thursday) evening given in the Wilton opera house under the auspices of the Woodman band.

According to an article appearing in one of the old files of the Antioch News the same play was given under the auspices of the same order at the same place on Tuesday evening January 28, 1896, fifteen years ago. At that time the play was given by home talent under the supervision of Mr. C. A. Miner, author of the piece, who assumed two of the leading roles. The cast of characters was as follows:

Jacob Goosengimer, an old miser	C. A. Miner
Harry Clifton, an escaped convict	W. R. Williams
Edgar Jivers, a wolf in sheep's clothing	W. R. Williams
George Stanley, afterwards Judge of the Criminal Court of New York	F. K. Shotliff
Joe Gibbs, a speak thief of New York	Frank Pitman, Jr.
Patrick Kilkenny, a New York policeman	C. A. Pitman
B. F. Butler, States Attorney	J. J. Burke
Filo Rawson, Clerk of Court	Herman Bock
Lawyer Hart, District Attorney	A. G. Watson
Jimmy Fresh, a New York bootblack	Master Bertis Overton
Mary Clifton, afterwards Mrs. Judge Stanley	Maude Harden
Matilda Jane, a servant in Judge Stanley's house	Leila Williams
Miss Clifton, Judge Stanley's niece	Flora Harden
Minnie and Clara, Judge Stanley's children	Lillie Watson, Nettie Little
Juryman, Ragpickers, Thieves, Etc.	

McCORMICK  
INTERESTED  
IN COLONY

Wealthy Lake Forester Called  
Dr. Watterson into Con-  
ference of Importance

## MAY DONATE LARGE SUM

Wealthy Philanthropist May Endow the  
Lake County Tuberculosis Tent Colony  
at Waukegan

Cyrus McCormick, the rich Lake Forest man and one of the heads of the great McCormick Harvester company, has become interested in the Lake County Tuberculosis Institute at Waukegan.

It develops that, on Tuesday, Dr. Watterson, head of the tent colony and Dr. Bouton, had a conference with Mr. McCormick in Chicago in relative to the needs of the Lake county institution.

But the interesting and promising part of the conference was that Mr. McCormick himself asked Dr. Watterson for the conference, requesting him to meet him in Chicago to talk over the matter. Accordingly Dr. Watterson, accompanied by Dr. Bouton, kept the appointment Tuesday morning.

The two Waukegan doctors were enroute to the state medical convention at Aurora hence the outcome of their conference with the rich philanthropist is as yet unknown and officials of the colony and their friends will anxiously await word as to what Mr. McCormick said and expects to do.

The fact that Mr. McCormick himself asked for the conference shows that he is interested in the Lake county institution and that he evidently desires to become one of the supporters of it. Possibly he plans erecting a new building at the tent colony or may endow it. The latter concession is what the institute needs and, once that a wealthy man like Mr. McCormick does make an endowment, it means that the benevolent organization will be firmly established for all times to come and its good will at once become wider in scope.

## Life's Limitations.

"Our present horizon is our greatest each of sight, but unless we make our way toward it we shall never find a farther reach."

## CONDUCTOR HAS POWER

To Make Arrests and May be Fined for  
Not Making Them

One of the bills to which the legislator from this district will "point with pride" during the next campaign and one which will well deserve the attention of the people of this district is that which was introduced through the efforts of the various traveling salesmen's associations in the interests of the traveling public.

This bill, which will upon July 1 become a state law, provides for the equipping of every conductor of interurban or railroad trains with the same powers held by a sheriff. The new law provides for the arrest and punishment of any person using intoxicating liquor on board a car or in or around a station.

The first section of the law reads: "Any person who shall drink any intoxicating liquor, or who shall be intoxicated, in or upon any railroad smoking car, parlor coach, day coach, interurban coach, or caboose car in use for the transportation of passengers or in or about any railroad station or platform, upon convictions thereon, shall be fined not less than \$25 nor more than \$100, or imprisoned in the county jail for not less than 30 days, nor more than 100 days, or both such fine and imprisonment."

The second section says, in part: "Every railroad or interurban conductor, while on duty, is hereby authorized and empowered to exercise in any county of this state for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this act, all the common laws and statutory powers conferred upon sheriffs and it is hereby made the duty of all such conductors to enforce all sections of this act and to arrest without process or warrant any person who violates any provision thereof, and so doing, they shall be held to be acting for the state and not as an employee of the railroad company. Any such conductor who shall refuse or fail to comply with the requirements of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not less than \$10 nor more than \$25."

ZION LACE WORK  
STRIKERS CANNOT  
RETURN TO WORK

According to a report there is no chance of any of the twenty-three girls who struck at the Marshal Field lace plant at Zion City Monday of ever entering the service of the company again. It is stated that the officials of the plant at Zion City received orders that the name of every girl who struck at the plant should be taken, and sent into the head offices.

In connection with this mandate from the headquarters of the company, an order was issued that upon no consideration should any of the girls ever be taken back into the employ of the company, and not only that but that in the plant over which the Marshal Field company has control will any of the girls ever find a place open for them.

The girls say, it is claimed, that the order placed them upon a veritable "black list," but that they would not go back, or ask any favors of any company which Marshal Field and company control.

When the walkout was first made known at the plant Monday, Manager Finn stated that it was thought that the girls would all be back to work, but now that the mandate has been received, that the girls shall not be taken back, their places will be filled with other. It is claimed that although the company offered at first to take back the girls, not a single girl from the ranks of the strikers appeared at the factory and asked to be taken back.

It is thought that the places of the strikers will all be filled by the first of the week, and the work in the handkerchief section of the big plant go on the same as before.

## An Extraordinary Family.

"Lord Brokeleigh comes of an extraordinary family." "I have never heard of any member of it who was an eminent statesman or a great soldier." "No, but there is no record that anyone belonging to the house of Brokeleigh ever married a cory-phaea."

## Wasted Energy.

"I give you my word," said the milk toast philosopher, "that when I discovered that the clock I had been careful to wind every night for ten years was an eight-day clock I was inclined to be petulant." —Browning's Magazine.

## Notice to Horse Owners

Having had years of experience I will be on the road castrating colts as usual. All communications will be promptly attended to. John McGuire, Antioch, Ill. 3-mz

U. S. WILL  
MARK GRAVES  
OF SOLDIERS

Any Formerly Enlisted Soldier  
Or Sailor Is Entitled to  
Marker Now

## 600,000 MARKERS MADE

No Grave of Any Enlisted Man Need  
Remain Unmarked With Head Stones  
as Uncle Sam Has Enough for All

The United States government has provided 600,000 markers for the graves of soldiers. From two marble quarries, one at Lee, Mass., and one at Rutland, Vt., all these tombstones have been taken. Lee has furnished 300,000 markers in the last thirty-five years and is turning out gravestones at the rate of 20,000 a year.

Each marker is 3 feet long, 1 foot wide and 4 inches thick, and weighs 200 pounds. Just under the rounded top is outlined an inscribed shield and within this is cut the name, age, company, rank and regiment of the soldier, sailor or marine whose grave it is to mark.

From two quarries pits at Lee these stones are taken. On the grounds at the quarry they are cut, polished, marked and crated for shipment to a central distributing point. A force of twenty men is constantly employed by a contractor, who obtains his contract in competition semi-annually from the government.

A block of marble 3x3 feet is the average size used for headstones. It is run into the mill on a short truck and fastened under a "gang" of saws which slowly descends with a swinging motion and cuts through it. Then the block is rolled out, chained together, turned over and set through the same process again. The saws are simple bands of iron an eighth of an inch thick and the cutting is done by sand which is well wet and kept dripping on the work.

The next process is the coping or rounding one end of the marker and smoothing it by grinding with sand and water on a revolving iron table. The marker is then ready for lettering or numbering.

A government inspector examines every headstone and condemns all that have flaws or discolorations or are wrongly lettered. The discarded stones are in the main good marble and workmen cut them into what are known as marble bricks, which are used for building purposes.

Application blanks for these headstones are sent out from the quartermaster general's office. Any deceased soldier, sailor, marine, nurse or scout who served under regular enlistment may have his last resting place marked by the government on request of a relative, a grand army post or a private citizen.

The stones are shipped usually by the railroad to certain distributing points named by the war department. For the New England states Boston is the distributing place, New York for the middle states, Chicago for the middle west, Denver, San Francisco, Atlanta and Houston, Tex., are other points of shipment.

Washington has received the greatest number of these markers. Thousands have been set up in Arlington and other government cemeteries; how many no one seems to know.

Not only does the government furnish the tombstones free, but it pays the freight to its destination. All that has to be done when the stone has been delivered is to have it carried to the grave from the freight office and set up. Many grand army posts look after this.

Hundreds of stones have been supplied to mark the graves of women nurses who served in the civil war. Nearly all the applications come in the names of privates or sailors. Occasionally there is found the name of a line officer and there have been occasions when the grave of a staff officer has been marked. Two generals and perhaps a dozen colonels are buried in the cemeteries of the United States government and have over their graves the small white stones provided by the government.

Few of Unmixed Descent.  
Only one-tenth of the population of this country is of unmixed descent.



## ANTIOCH NEWS

A. N. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH

ILLINOIS

## When a Man Marries

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART.

Author of *The Circular Staircase*, *The Man in Lower Ten*, etc.

Copyright 1909, by the Dobbie-Merrill Co.

## SYNOPSIS.

James Wilson or Jimmy as he is called by his friends, Jimmy was round and looked shorter than he really was. His ambition in life was to be taken seriously, but people always refused to do so, his art is considered a huge joke, except to himself. If he asked people to dinner everyone expected a frolic. Jimmy marries Bella Knowles, they live together a year and are divorced. Jimmy's friends arrange to celebrate the first anniversary of his divorce. The party is in full swing when Jimmy receives a telegram from his Aunt Selma, who will arrive in four hours to visit him and his wife. He neglects to tell her of his divorce. Jimmy takes Kit into his confidence. He suggests that Kit play the hostess for one night. Mr. Wilson proposes. Aunt Selma arrives and the deception works out as planned. Jimmy's servant is taken ill. Bella, Jimmy's devoted wife, enters the house and asks Kit who is being taken away in the ambulance. Bella insists it is Jimmy. Kit tells her Jim is well and is in the house. Harbison steps out on the porch and discovers a man tucking a card on the door. He demands an explanation. The man points to the placard and Harbison sees the word "Smallpox" written on it. He tells him the guests cannot leave the house until the quarantine is lifted. After the lifting of the quarantine several letters are found in the mail box undelivered. One is addressed to Henry Clowdewell, Jimmy's uncle. It is written by Harbison. He describes minutely of their incarceration, also of his intention for Mrs. Wilson. Aunt Selma is taken ill with grippe. Betty acts as nurse. Harbison finds Kit sulking on the roof. She tells him that Jim has been treating her outrageously. She starts downstairs, when suddenly she is grasped in the arms of a man who kisses her several times. She believes that Harbison did it and is humiliated. Aunt Selma tells Jimmy that her cameo brooch and other articles of jewelry have been stolen. She accuses Betty of the theft. Betty tells Aunt Selma all about the strange happenings, but she persists in suspecting Betty of the theft. Harbison demands an explanation from Kit as to her conduct towards him, she tells him of the incident on the roof, he does not deny nor confirm her accusation.

## CHAPTER XIII.—Continued.

"I think you are very rude," I said at last. "You fell over there and I thought you were killed. The nervous shock I experienced is just as bad as if you had gone—all the way."

He put down the hammer and came over to me without speaking. Then, when he was quite close, he said:

"I am very sorry if I startled you. I did not flatter myself that you would be profoundly affected, in any event."

"Oh, as to that," I said lightly, "it makes me ill for days if my car runs over a dog." He looked at me in silence. "You are not going to get up on that parapet again?"

"Mrs. Wilson," he said, without paying the slightest attention to my question, "will you tell me what I have done?"

"Done?"

"Or have not done? I have racked my brains—stayed awake all of last night. At first I hoped it was impersonal, that, womanlike, you were merely venting general disfavor on one particular individual. But—your hostility is to me, personally."

I raised my eyebrows, coldly interrogative.

"Perhaps," he went on, calmly—"perhaps I was a fool here on the roof—the night before last. If I said anything that I should not, I ask your pardon. If it is not that, I think you ought to ask mine!"

I was angry enough then.

"There can be only one opinion about your conduct," I retorted, warmly. "It was worse than brutal. It—it was unspeakable. I have no words for it—except that I loathe it—and you."

He was very grim by this time. "I have heard you say something like that before—only I was not the unfortunate in that case."

"Oh!" I was choking.

"Under different circumstances I should be the last person to recall anything so personal. But the circumstances are unusual." He took no angry step toward me. "Will you tell me what I have done? Or shall I go down and ask the others?"

"You wouldn't dare," I cried, "or I will tell them what you did! How you waylaid me on those stairs there, and forced your caresses, your kisses, on me! Oh, I could die with shame!"

The silence that followed was as unexpected as it was ominous. I knew he was staring at me, and I was furious to find myself so emotional, so much more exalted of the two. Finally, I looked up.

"You cannot deny it," I said, in a sort of self-dramatization.

"No." He was very quiet, very grim, quite composed. "No," he repeated, judicially. "I do not deny it."

He did not? He would not? Which?

## CHAPTER XIV.

Almost, But Not Quite.

Dal had been acting strangely all day. Once, early in the evening, when I had doubted no trumper, he led me

a club without apology, and later on, during his dummy, I saw him writing our names on the back of an envelope, and putting numbers after them. At my earliest opportunity I went to Max.

"There is something the matter with Dal, Max," I volunteered. "He has been acting strangely all day, and just now he was making out a list—names and numbers."

"You're to blame for that, Kit," Max said seriously. "You put washing soda instead of baking soda in those biscuits today, and he thinks he is a steam laundry. Those are laundry lists he's making out. He asked me a little while ago if I wanted a domestic finish."

Yes, I had put washing soda in the biscuits. The book said soda, and how is one to know which is meant?

"I do not think you are calculated for a domestic finish," I said, coldly, as I turned away. "In any case I disclaim any such responsibility. But there is something on Dal's mind."

Max came after me. "Don't be cross, Kit. You haven't said a nice word to me today, and you go around bristling with your chin up and two red spots on your cheeks—like what-her-name-was with the snakes instead of hair. I don't know why I'm so crazy about you; I always meant to love a girl with a nice disposition."

I left him then. Dal had gone into the reception room and closed the doors. And because he had been acting so strangely, and partly to escape from Max, whose eyes looked threatening, I followed him. Just as I opened the door quietly and looked in, Dallas switched off the lights, and I could hear him groping his way across the room. Then somebody—not Dal—spoke from the corner, cautiously.

"Is that you, Mr. Brown, sir?" It was Flannigan.

"Yes, is everything here?"

"All but the powder, sir. Don't step too close. They're spread all over the place."

"Have you taken the curtains down?"

"Yes, sir."

"Matches?"

"Here, sir."

"Light one, will you, Flannigan? I want to see the time."

The flare showed Dallas and Flannigan heat over the timepiece. And



The Mercer Girls Kissed Dal and Anne Was Furious.

It showed something else. The rug had been turned back from the windows which opened on the street, and the curtains had been removed. On the bare hardwood floor just beneath the windows was an array of pans of various sizes, dish pans, cake tins, and a metal foot tub. The pans were raised from the floor on bricks, and seemed to be full of paper. All the chairs and tables were pushed back against the wall, and the bric-a-brac was stacked on the mantel.

"Half an hour yet," Dal said, closing his watch. "Plenty of time, and remember the signal, four short and two long."

"Four short and two long—all right, sir."

"And—Flannigan, here's something for you, on account."

"Thank you, sir."

Dal turned to go out, tripped over the rug, said something, and passed me without an idea of my presence. A moment later Flannigan went out, and I was left, huddled against the wall, and alone.

It was puzzling enough. "Four long and two short!" "All but the powder!" Not that I believed for a moment what Max had said, and anyhow Flannigan was the sanest person I ever saw in my life. But it all seemed a part of the mystery that had been hanging over us for several days. I felt my way across the room and knelt by the pans. Yes, they were there, full of paper and mounted on bricks. It had not been a delusion.

And then I straightened on my knees suddenly, for an automobile passing under the window had sounded four short honks and two long ones. The signal was followed instantly by a crash. The foot bath had fallen from its supports, and lay, quivering and vibrating with horrid noises at my feet. The next moment Mr. Harbison had thrown open the door and leaped into the room.

"Who's there?" he demanded. Against the light I could see him reaching for his hip pocket, and the rest crowding up around him.

"It's only me," I quavered, "that is, I. The dish pan upset."

"Dish pan!" Bella said from back in the crowd. "Kit, of course!"

Jim forced his way through them and turned on the lights. I have no doubt I looked very strange, kneeling there on the bare floor, with a row of pans mounted on bricks behind me, and the furniture all piled on itself in a back corner.

"Who's there?" he demanded. Against the light I could see him reaching for his hip pocket, and the rest crowding up around him.

"It's only me," I quavered, "that is, I. The dish pan upset."

"Dish pan!" Bella said from back in the crowd. "Kit, of course!"

Jim forced his way through them and turned on the lights. I have no doubt I looked very strange, kneeling there on the bare floor, with a row of pans mounted on bricks behind me, and the furniture all piled on itself in a back corner.

"Who's there?" he demanded. Against the light I could see him reaching for his hip pocket, and the rest crowding up around him.

"It's only me," I quavered, "that is, I. The dish pan upset."

"Dish pan!" Bella said from back in the crowd. "Kit, of course!"

Jim forced his way through them and turned on the lights. I have no doubt I looked very strange, kneeling there on the bare floor, with a row of pans mounted on bricks behind me, and the furniture all piled on itself in a back corner.

"Who's there?" he demanded. Against the light I could see him reaching for his hip pocket, and the rest crowding up around him.

"It's only me," I quavered, "that is, I. The dish pan upset."

"Dish pan!" Bella said from back in the crowd. "Kit, of course!"

Jim forced his way through them and turned on the lights. I have no doubt I looked very strange, kneeling there on the bare floor, with a row of pans mounted on bricks behind me, and the furniture all piled on itself in a back corner.

"Who's there?" he demanded. Against the light I could see him reaching for his hip pocket, and the rest crowding up around him.

"It's only me," I quavered, "that is, I. The dish pan upset."

"Dish pan!" Bella said from back in the crowd. "Kit, of course!"

to the pans, to the windows, to the bric-a-brac on the mantel, and back to me.

I sat stonily silent. Why should I explain? Whenever I got into a foolish position, and tried to explain, and tell how it happened, and who was really to blame, they always brought it back to me somehow. So I sat there on the floor and let them stare. And finally Lottie Mercer got her breath and said: "How perfectly lovely; it's a charade!"

And Anne guessed "kitchen" at once. "Kit, you know, and the pans and—all that," she said, vaguely. At that they all took to guessing! And I sat still, until Mr. Harbison saw the storm in my eyes and came over to me.

"Have you hurt your ankle?" he said in an under-tone. "Let me help you up."

"I am not hurt," I said, coldly, "and even if I were, it would be unnecessary to trouble you."

"I cannot help being troubled," he returned, just as evenly. "You see, it makes me ill for days if my car runs over a dog."

Luckily, at that moment Dal came in. He pushed his way through the crowd without a word, shut off the lights, crashed through the pans and slammed the shutters close. Then he turned and addressed the rest.

"Of all the lunatics—I!" he began, only there was more to it than that. "A fellow goes to all kinds of trouble to put an end to this miserable situation, and the entire household turns out and sets to work to frustrate the whole scheme. You like to stay here, don't you, like chickens in a coop? Where's Flannigan?"

Nobody understood Dal's wrath then, but it seems he meant to arrange the plot himself, and when it was ripe, and the hour nearly come, he intended to wage that he could break the quarantine, and to take any odds he could get that he would free the entire party in half an hour. As for the plan itself, it was idiotically simple; we were perfectly delighted when we heard it. It was so simple and yet so comprehensive. We didn't see how it could fail. Both the Mercer girls kissed Dal on the strength of it, and Anne was furious. Jim was so much pleased, for some reason or other, and Mr. Harbison looked thoughtful rather than merry. Aunt Selma had gone to bed.

The idea, of course, was to start an embryo fire just inside the windows, in the pans, to feed it with the orange-powder that is used on the Fourth of July, and when we had thrown open the windows and yelled "fire" and all the guards and reporters had rushed to the front of the house, to escape quietly by a rear door from the basement kitchen, get into machines Dal had in waiting, and lose ourselves as quickly as we could.

You can see how simple it was. Everyone rushed madly for motor coats and veils, and Dal shuffled the numbers so the people going the same direction would have the same machine. We called to each other as we dressed about Marmaroneck or Lakewood or wherever we happened to have relatives. Everybody knew everybody else, and his friends. The Mercer girls were going to cruise until the trouble blew over, the Browns were going to Pinehurst, and Jim was going to Africa to hunt, if he could get out of the harbor.

Only the Harbison man seemed to have no plans; quite suddenly with the world so near again, the world of country houses and steam yachts and all the rest of it, he ceased to be one of us. It was not his world at all. He stood back and watched the kaleidoscope of our coats and veils, half-quizzically, but with something in his face that I had not seen there before. If he had not been so self-reliant and big, I would have said he was lonely. Not that he was pathetic in any sense of the word. Of course, he avoided me, which was natural and exactly what I wished. Belle never was far from him, and at the last she loaded him with her jewel case and a muff and traveling bag and asked him to her cousins' on Long Island. I felt sure he was going to decline, when he glanced across at me.

"Do go," I said, very politely. "They are charming people." And he accepted at once.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

## AN ANTI-SUFFRAGETTE.

George Cavan Brown, the expert on international law, was discussing in Providence the Russell case.

"An American heiress," he said, "married an Italian, one Russell. He took her to Italy, treated her badly, then died and left all her money to his family. She, in consequence, is penniless. For, by Italian law, the wife's money, all of it, belongs to the husband."

"But aside from its legal aspect, consider the mean, mercenary spirit of this thing. Really, these foreign noblemen resemble Peleg Henderson of Apopka."

"Peleg had two sweethearts, Shawmott girls, one of whom owned a cow. That was the one he married. He explained to his friends at the wedding: 'By crissum there ain't the difference of a cow between any two women living.'"

## A Discovery.

"In the light of modern invention, I know now what the mermaids said on a rock combing out their long gold on tresses for."

"What were they waiting for?"

"For a Marcel wave to come along."

## Not Serious.

"I hear there are grave charges against Senator Jinks."

"What are they?"

"The sexton's bills."

## DICKINSON RESIGNS

HENRY L. STIMSON IS APPOINTED SECRETARY OF WAR BY PRESIDENT.

## PRIVATE AFFAIRS THE CAUSE

Democratic Member of Taft's Cabinet Retires to Devote His Attention to Personal Business So Soon as His Successor Qualifies.

Washington.—The president announced the resignation from the cabinet of Jacob M. Dickinson as secretary of war and the appointment of Henry L. Stimson of New York as his successor. Mr. Dickinson was the Democratic member of the cabinet and Mr. Stimson was the candidate of the Republicans of New York for governor at the last election.

In the letters exchanged between the president and Mr. Dickinson no reason, other than that of pressing private affairs, is given for the secretary's retirement.

Mr. Dickinson will go to his Tennessee home immediately upon the qualification of his successor. He expects to devote his attention to business and will not return to the practice of law, in which he was engaged when President Taft appointed him in March, 1909. He is the second member of Mr. Taft's cabinet to retire to private life. Secretary of the Interior Ballinger having severed his connection with the president's official family only a few months ago.

Coincident with the announcement of Mr. Dickinson's retirement came that of the appointment of C. S. Millington of Herkimer, N. Y., to be assistant treasurer of the United States in New York. Mr. Stimson was the Roosevelt candidate for governor, while Mr. Millington was a former member of the house for the Twenty-seventh New York district, and is a close friend of Vice-President Sherman and other leaders of the old guard in the state, having succeeded Mr. Sherman in the house when the latter became vice-president.

## 325 LIVES ARE IMPERILED

Fruit Steamer Rans and Sinks Liner Merida, But All on Board Are Saved.

Norfolk, Va.—The passengers and crew of the New York and Cuban Mail Steamship company's liner Merida, sunk after a collision with the United Fruit company's steamship Admiral Farragut off Cape Henry, arrived here safe, after being twice transhipped.

Not a soul was lost and only one person, a woman passenger, was slightly injured.

Both vessels were steaming at full speed in opposite directions through a fog bank about fifty-five miles east of the Virginia Capes when the Admiral Farragut rammed the Merida.

A great hole was torn in the side of the Merida, which carried 197 passengers and a crew of 128, and it was instantly realized by the officers when the sea began to pour into the vessel's hold that she could not live.

In five hours the Merida was at the bottom of the ocean, but her passengers and crew were safely aboard the Admiral Farragut.

By wireless telegraph the Old Dominion Steamship company's steamship Hamilton, bound from New York to Norfolk, was summoned by the Admiral Farragut, look aboard the rescued passengers and crew of the Merida and landed them in Norfolk.

## TWO DEAD IN TRAIN WRECK

Twenty-Five Others Injured When Coaches Are Derailed on Denver and Rio Grande.

Denver, Colo.—Two killed and at least twenty-five injured, several seriously, comprise the casualties resulting from the derailment of west-bound Denver & Rio Grande passenger trains near Miners, 30 miles west of Leadville.

The wreck was caused by spreading rails. The rails gave way after the engine and baggage car had passed and the weight of the heavy Pullman cars caused the day coach and tourist sleeper to buckle up and roll down the 15-foot embankment into the Engle river.

## BAN JOHNSON IS GUILTY

Jury Awards John M. Ward \$1,000 in His Suit Against American League President.

New York.—The jury in the case of John M. Ward, who sued Ban Johnson, president of the American League, for \$50,000 for slander, returned a verdict in Ward's favor of \$1,000. The case grew out of the alleged statements of Johnson when Ward was a candidate for the presidency of the National league two years ago.

Has \$6,000,000, Keeps Job. Atlanta, Ga.—Held to \$6,000,000 and with \$30,000 now in her possession, Miss Lillian Swygert continues to follow her vocation of school teacher in the mill district of this city. Last November she was left \$6,000,000 in the will of an uncle in Germany.

American Wine British Scholarship. London.—At the meeting of the British Iron and Steel institute, the Carnegie research scholarship of \$500 was awarded to R. M. Keeney, of Colorado.

## DEADLOCK IN SENATE

GALLINGER FAILS OF ELECTION AS PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.

Bacon Gets Democrat Vote—Situation Results From the Opposition of Insurgent Republicans—Three Paired.

Washington.—The incapacity of the Republican party in the senate to control a caucus edict without the aid of the insurgents was demonstrated in the senate when, after more than two hours of effort and as a result of seven ballots that body failed to elect Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire as president pro tempore to succeed Senator Frye of Maine.

Mr. Frye's recent resignation was based on poor health. The deadlock was due to the opposition of the insurgent Republican senators, five of whom voted against and three of whom were paired against Mr. Gallinger.

Soon after the senate convened Vice-President Sherman presided himself from the senate and Senator Lodge assumed the chair. Immediately Senator Cullom, as the chairman of the Republican caucus, moved that the senate proceed to the election of a president pro tempore, placing Mr. Gallinger in nomination. The nomination of Senator Bacon of Georgia by Senator Martin, chairman of the Democratic caucus, followed. Senator La Follette performed the same service for Senator Clapp.

Upon the first ballot it was apparent that when the insurgents did not cast their votes against Mr. Gallinger they were so paired as to render effective the votes of absentees.

Senator Borah announced his desire to vote for Gallinger, but stated that owing to a pair with Senator Works, who was unfriendly to Senator Gallinger, he could not do so. Later he stated that this pair had not been arranged to injure the New Hampshire senator. Mr. Dixon was paired with Mr. Cummins and Mr. Kenyon with Mr. Bourne.

The first ballot totaled 73 votes, of which Mr. Bacon, the Democratic candidate, received 36; Mr. Gallinger, the Republican candidate, 32, and Mr. Clapp, 4, while Mr. Bacon voted for Mr. Tillman and Mr. Clapp for Mr. Bristow.

Messrs. Bristow, La Follette, Gronna and Polinder voted for Clapp. Messrs. Cummins, Bourne, Works and Crawford, insurgents, were all absent, but paired for Senator Clapp, except Mr. Crawford, who was ill. All the Democratic votes were cast for Mr. Bacon. Necessary to a choice, 37. The only change in the second ballot was that Senator Gallinger, who had refrained from voting on the previous roll call, voted for Mr. Lodge, increasing the total vote to 74, and making 38 necessary to elect.

## COL. HIGGINSON IS DEAD

Noted Author's Death Was Due to General Breakdown Incident to Old Age.

Cambridge, Mass.—Col. Thomas Wentworth Higginson, historian and author, minister and soldier, one of the last of the group of famous scholars and abolitionists of half a century ago, died at his home here last night, aged eighty-seven years.

Colonel Higginson had been ill about ten days. A general breakdown due to old age was the cause of death. He is survived by a widow and one daughter, Mrs. J. D. Barney of Boston.

Colonel Higginson was almost the last of that New England coterie, which included Longfellow, Whitier, Holmes, Emerson and Lowell. He was also one of the anti-slavery agitators or abolitionists with Garrison, Wendell Phillips, Edward Everett Hale and Mrs. Julia Ward Howe.

He was born in Cambridge in 1823. After graduating from Harvard, in 1841, he studied in the divinity school, and took charge of a Unitarian church at Newburyport, Mass. In less than ten years, however, he left the ministry in order to give himself up more entirely to literary pursuits.

At about that time the anti-slavery agitation was raging and young Higginson, always ready to defend the oppressed, plunged into the fight, and with all the ardor of youth took upon himself the championship of the rights of the negro, even aiding to the best of his power in the rescue of fugitive slaves. When the Civil war broke out he enlisted as captain in the Fifty-first Massachusetts, and afterward became colonel of the First South Carolina volunteers, which was the first corps of freed slaves mustered into government service.

Colonel Higginson for many years had been an almost constant contributor to periodicals.

Mrs. Lyman B. Kellogg is Dead. Emporia, Kan.—Mrs. Lyman Beecher Kellogg, one of the first women admitted to the Kansas bar, died at her home here. She was nominated governor of Kansas by the national Greenback party July 3, 1878.

"Skyline Highway" Dedicated. Canon City, Colo.—Another of America's great scenic wonders was made accessible to the public when the "Skyline Highway," extending six miles from here to the top of the Royal gorge, was dedicated with elaborate ceremonies in which Gov. F. Shufroth and three former governors of Colorado took part.

Gold Struck Near Fulton, Mo. Fulton, Mo.—Gold assaying eight dollars to the ton was struck near here by well diggers.

## Backache Means Dying Kidneys

How You May Cure Yourself Quickly and Thoroughly.

Every man and woman should know that backache is usually a well-defined symptom of advancing kidney disease which may end fatally unless treated in time; that rheumatism and bladder trouble are caused from nothing more nor less than kidneys that do not filter the poison from the blood.



Once they are made to work properly, these diseases should quickly disappear. This is done by the new treatment, Dr. Derby's Kidney Pills.

We urge everyone who has pain in the small of the back, profuse or scanty urination, pains in the bladder, cloudy or foul urine, not to fail to get a package today of Dr. Derby's Kidney Pills, and drop all other kidney treatments.

Dr. Derby's Kidney Pills are now sold at all drug stores—25 and 50 cents, or direct from Dr. Derby Medicine Co., Eaton Rapids, Mich. If you would like to try them first, ask your druggist for a free sample package. Then buy a package; you will not regret it.

## LOST FAITH IN WHITE MAN

Eskimo Tested Efficacy of Telephone Scheme, and Realized He Had Been Deceived.

An interesting story is told regarding the efforts of an Eskimo to construct a telephone line. The Eskimo came into possession of a piece of wire of considerable length and never having seen wire before he asked Professor McMillan of the Peary north pole expedition what it was and what it was for. He was told that the white man strung it on poles stuck in the ground and a voice talking to an instrument at one end could be heard at the other end. After some search the next morning the Eskimo was found to be engaged in telephone construction work of his own. He stuck some sticks in the ground and hung his wire on them. He held one end of the wire to his mouth and talked to it at the top of his voice. Then he ran as fast as he could to the other end and held the wire to his ear with the expectation of hearing his own words repeated.

When he failed to hear any sounds the expression on his face revealed his opinion of his white friend.

Socially Launched. In his native town Jimmy had always been most popular with young and old; but when he was sent away to boarding school, he was for a time too homesick to make friends. His first letter was little more than a wail.

"I'm way behind the other boys in everything," he wrote, dolefully. "Tisn't only studies, but it's gymnasium and banjos and everything. I don't believe they'll ever have much use for me."

But the second letter, written after a week in the new school, was quite different in tone.

"I'm all right," he wrote to his mother. "The boys say they're proud to have me here. I can stretch my mouth half an inch wider than any other boy in school, and my feet are the longest by a full inch. So you needn't worry about me any more."—Youth's Companion.

FEED YOUNG GIRLS Must Have Right Food While Growing.

Great care should be taken at the critical period when the young girl is just merging into womanhood that the diet shall contain that which is up-building and nothing harmful.

At that age the structure is being formed and if formed of a healthy, sturdy character, health and happiness will follow; on the other hand unhealthy cells may be built in and a sick condition slowly supervene, which, if not checked, may ripen into a chronic condition and cause life-long suffering.

A young lady says: "Coffee began to have such an effect on my stomach a few years ago that I finally quit using it. It brought on headaches, pains in my muscles, and nervousness."

"I tried to use tea in its stead, but found its effects even worse than those I suffered from coffee. Then for a long time I drank milk at my meals, but at last it pulled on me. A friend came to the rescue with the suggestion that I try Postum."

"I did so, only to find at first that I didn't fancy it. But I had heard of so many persons who had been benefited by its use that I persevered, and when I had it made right—according to directions on the package—I found it grateful in flavor and soothing and strengthening to my stomach. I can find no words to express my feeling of what I owe to Postum!"

"In every respect it has worked a wonderful improvement—the headaches, nervousness, the pains in my side and back, all the distressing symptoms yielded to the magic power of Postum. My brain















# SUPREME COURT ORDERS WINDUP OF STANDARD OIL

## Justices Hand Down a Drastic Decision Disposing of Five- Year Fight to Outlaw the Rockefeller Corporation.

Washington.—The Standard Oil trust must be dissolved. This is the decision of the Supreme court of the United States handed down May 15.

The decision gives victory to the government in its five-year struggle to break up the Rockefeller combine.

The finding of the lower court, that Standard Oil used illegal methods in crushing out competition, is affirmed with only slight modifications. The principal change is the allowance of six months' time for the company to wind up its affairs.

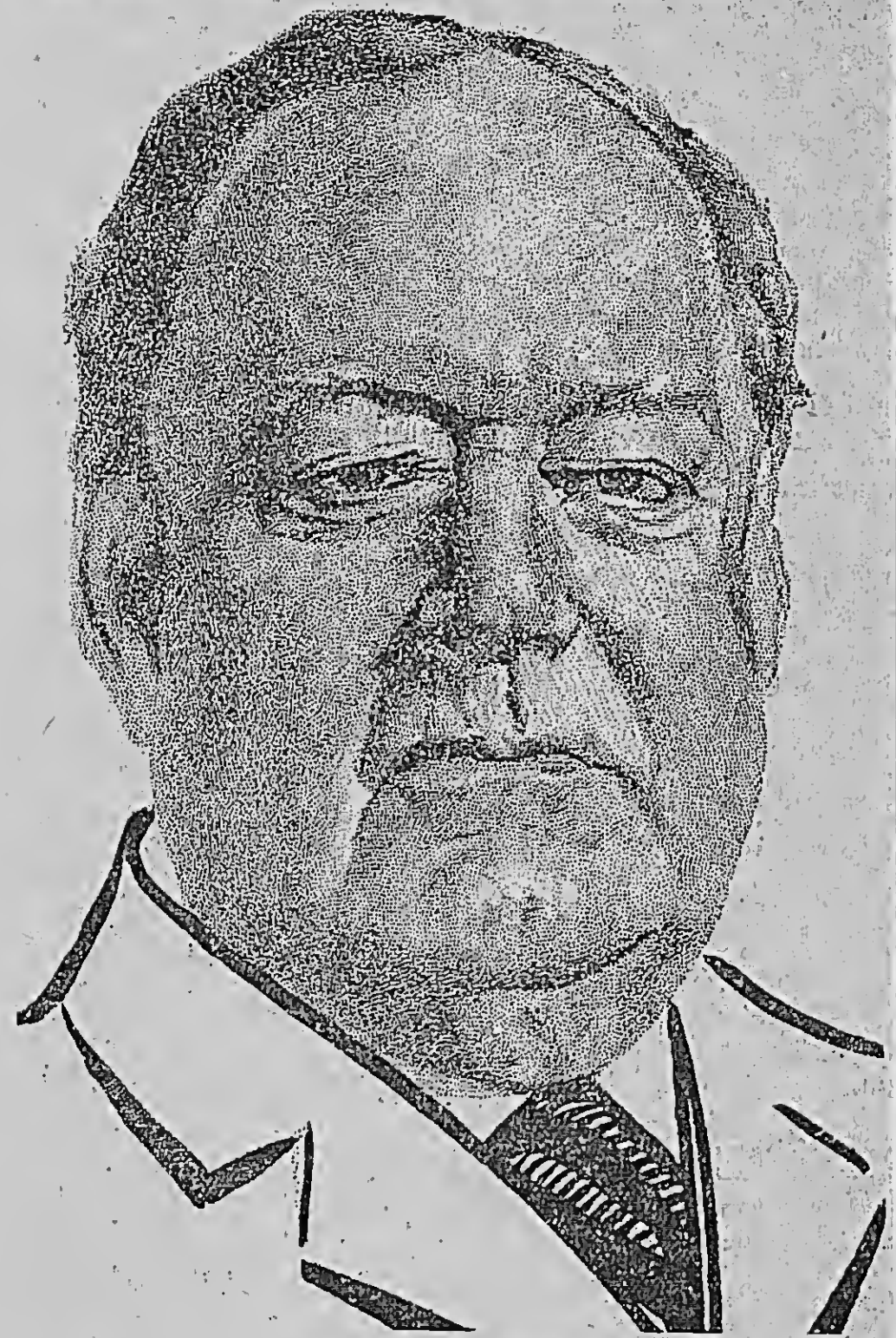
The Supreme court declares that the corporation violated the first and second sections of the Sherman anti-trust law. These relate respectively to restraint of trade and monopolizing and constitute the main basis of the government's case.

The decision was read by Chief Jus-

to restrain trade. He said only the question of remedy remained for consideration.

Protection for the Public.  
The decree of the lower court was modified so that there need not be "an absolute cessation of interstate commerce in petroleum and its products by such vast agencies as are embraced in the combination, a result which might arise from that portion of the decree which enjoined carrying on of interstate commerce not only by the New Jersey corporation but by all of the subsidiary companies until the dissolution of the combination by the transfer of the stocks in accordance with the decree."

Probably the most important proposition of law laid down in the opinion was that the words in the statute "every restraint of trade" are not to



CHIEF JUSTICE WHITE.

Justice White. Justice Harlan announced a dissenting opinion.

"Our conclusion is," said the chief justice, "that the decree below was right, and should be affirmed except as to the minor matters concerning which we have indicated the decree should be modified. Our order will therefore be one of affirmance, with directions, however, to modify the decree in accordance with this opinion, the court below to retain jurisdiction to the extent necessary to compel compliance in every respect with its decree, and so it is ordered."

Given Six Months to Wind Up.  
The court held that the thirty days given by the lower court as the time within which the Standard Oil company was forced to comply with the law was inadequate, and announced that it would grant six months within which the Standard Oil company must be dissolved.

By the reorganization of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey, the chief justice said, there was prima facie evidence that there was an endeavor to control and monopolize; that further investigation made this conclusive presumption of an intent

to be literally construed, but are to be construed in the light of reason.

On this point the court held that the position of the government that the Supreme court had decided that any qualification of this phrase was precluded by previous decisions of the Supreme court was erroneous.

Oil Suit in Courts Since 1906.  
The suit which called forth the oil decision was instituted in 1906 in the United States circuit court for the eastern district of Missouri. It was brought in the name of the United States. The immediate object was to dissolve the Standard Oil company of New Jersey.

From the very beginning the business and the legal worlds recognized that the suit put the Sherman anti-trust law to the most severe test to which it had been subjected. The law had been on the statute book since 1890, and had been the basis of some eighteen suits finally passed on by the Supreme court of the United States.

That the law was constitutional was accepted as settled by these decisions, but simple as the words of the statute seemed, there was an absence of unanimity in regard to its interpretation.

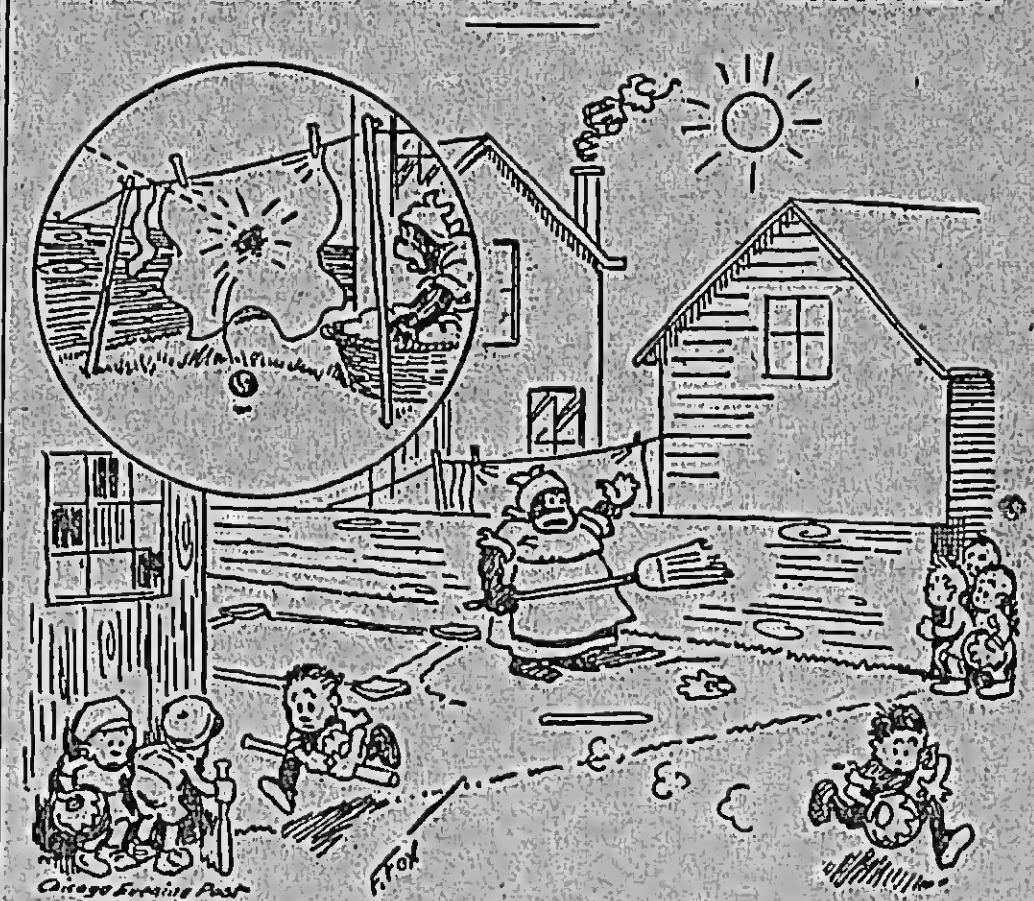
Substitute for Coke Oven.

An important demonstration of the value of high-pressure gas as a substitute for the coke oven was given at the Birmingham Aluminum Casting company's works, the lord mayor, Sir Hollowell Rogers, and other members of the gas committee being present. The melting of 100-pound of aluminum in a specially constructed furnace, and the subsequent casting of a section of a motor car were watched with interest. The company is the first to adopt high-pressure gas for this purpose.

Electric Safety Boiler Cleaner.

A demonstration of the electric safety boiler cleaner was given in London the other day. The idea is the invention of A. Schorr, a German engineer, and consists in the application of a roller studded with chisel points, worked by an electric motor capable of revolving at a speed of as many revolutions as required, which, without any labor on the part of the workman, thoroughly scales the deposit with a minimum of pressure.

## "GAME CALLED ON ACCOUNT OF DARKNESS"



## MADERO IS VICTOR

REBEL LEADER QUELLS MUTINY  
IN ARMY AND WINS SOLDIERS BY BRAVERY.

## SAVES LIFE OF GEN. NAVARRO

Provisional President, Ordered Under Arrest by Orozco, Declares Uprising Incited by Persons Desirous of Bringing About Disunion.

Juarez, Mexico.—Francisco I. Madero, Jr., is complete master of the situation here after the provisional government which he has established had been put to a severe test occasioned by a clash between the military and political authorities.

After a day of thrilling incidents, during which the lives of Madero and his chiefs were in danger, and General Orozco in a moment of passion ordered the arrest of the little rebel leader and demanded the resignation of the provisional cabinet, the capital of the provisional government is quiet.

General Navarro, the defeated federal commander, whose life was threatened by angry mobs of insurgents, was spirited away by Francisco I. Madero himself to the American side of the Rio Grande and is safely ensconced in the home of friends in El Paso.

Provisional President Madero in a statement charged that General Orozco's actions were incited "by persons interested in bringing about disunion among us."

General Orozco, called on Madero and the two men talked alone for some time. Suddenly their voices were raised and the other rebel political chiefs rushed into the room only to find themselves held back by some of Orozco's men. A throng of soldiers had gathered outside the building and Madero determined to appeal to them. Six-shot rifles had been drawn and rifles leveled, but Madero stood bravely before the crowd and, slapping his breast, shouted, "Shoot me, shoot me, if you dare."

General Orozco was at his side. His men had been summoned to take part in the coup d'état, but as Madero stepped forth among them and talked in his calm, reassuring way the affection which has been ripened among his men since the revolution began crystallized in a mighty shout, "Viva Madero!"

It is apparent that dissension among the military chiefs was the basic cause of the disturbance. Colonel Villa was said to have insisted on General Navarro's life, while General Orozco also was said to have been displeased with the naming of a civilian as minister of war.

## PHOEBE COUZINS IN STRAITS

Noted Anti-Suffrage Leader Stranded at St. Louis Hotel—Was Former United States Marshal.

St. Louis.—Miss Phoebe W. Couzins, in late years recognized throughout the United States as the leader of her sex against woman suffrage, is stranded at the Terminal hotel, with scarcely enough money to buy her luncheon. For the last few days she has subsisted mostly on bread and water.

Miss Couzins has been at the hotel for more than three weeks and was forced to appeal to friends to lend her enough money to buy a ticket back to Washington. She is more than 60 years old and an invalid. She formerly was United States marshal at St. Louis and has a degree of bachelor of law from Washington university.

Tobacco Is Held at Customs.

New York.—To learn if the government is receiving full customs duty on tobacco shipments from Havana, inspectors seized 2,000 boxes of tobacco recently imported from Cuba and it is being held for examination.

To Have \$1,000,000 Temple.

Washington.—Work will begin immediately on the construction of a \$1,000,000 temple for the Scottish Rite Masons here, for which a contract has just been let. President Taft will lay the cornerstone in October.

## LIFE TERM FOR DIETZ

IS FOUND GUILTY OF FIRST DEGREE MURDER.

Jury Acquits the Wife and Son of the "Outlaw of Cameron Dam."

Hayward, Wis.—John Dietz, the "outlaw of Cameron dam," was found guilty of murder in the first degree by a jury for the killing of Deputy Sheriff Oscar Harp at the final battle at the Dietz homestead on October 8 last.

He was sentenced by Judge Held to life imprisonment at hard labor in the penitentiary at Waupun. Dietz' wife and son Leslie, who were on trial with him, were acquitted.

The "outlaw," following the announcement of the verdict, made a dramatic protest that he was a victim of the "lumber trust" and that the death of the deputy sheriff was but an incident in the "trust" war upon him.

There are other complaints pending against the other members of the Dietz family, but it is thought they will not be prosecuted by the state.

## WIFE OF PRESIDENT IS ILL

Mrs. Taft Suffers From Nervous Attack While Accompanying Husband on Speaking Tour.

New York.—Owing to the illness of Mrs. Taft the president was obliged to shorten his visit to the convention of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen at Harrisburg, Pa., and return to New York.

Mrs. Taft is now at the home of Mr. Taft's brother, Henry W. Taft, where she is suffering from a mild recurrence of a nervous malady that appeared in a more serious form two years ago.

It was the intention that Mrs. Taft should accompany the president to Harrisburg. When she was taken ill it was feared that he would be obliged to cancel the engagement, but later Mrs. Taft's condition was such that he was able to make the trip.

At Harrisburg, the president spoke on the right of government employees to organize labor unions and to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor.

## QUEEN HOME FROM TRIP

Alexandra Returns From Cruise and Will Remain at Sandringham Palace for Coronation.

London, England.—Queen Mother Alexandra, who returned recently from a cruise in the Mediterranean, has taken up a residence at Sandringham palace, where she will remain until after the coronation. During the cruise and since her return the queen mother has enjoyed good health. She arrived here in time to be present at the memorial service on the anniversary of the death of King Edward, and her distress during the service was marked.

Trust Law Is Valid.

Chicago.—The demurrers of the Chicago packers to the "hoof trust" case were overruled by Judge Carpenter in the United States district court. Judge Carpenter declared that the Sherman anti-trust law, which had been attacked by the packers, is constitutional. He also held that the indictment charging J. Ogden Armour and other packers with violating its provisions is valid.

Newark (O.) Lyncher Pleads Guilty.

Newark, O.—Quincy Suttley, twenty-three years old, who is on trial charged with first degree murder for participation in the lynching here last July, changed his plea of not guilty to "guilty of manslaughter."

Liberia Chooses New Head.

Paris.—The governor general of East Africa advises the government that D. E. Howard, formerly secretary of the treasury of Liberia, has been elected president of the republic, succeeding President Arthur Barclay.

Ex-Archbishop General Dies.

Shorman, Tex.—James McCartney, former attorney general of Illinois and member of congress from a Chicago district, died at a local sanitarium here after a short illness.

## Made It Necessary.

"Horace Greeley invented the typewriter." "Where did you get that idea?" "Well, that isn't exactly what I mean, but his handwriting was probably more responsible for it than any other one thing."

The expectation of being pleased which prevails so much in young persons is one great source of their enjoyments.—Bowdler.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Do not gripe.

Many a man who swears at a big monopoly is nourishing a little one.

## "All Run Down"

Describes the condition of thousands of men and women who need only to purify and enrich their blood. They feel tired all the time. Every task, every responsibility, has become hard to them, because they have not strength to do nor power to endure.

If you are one of these all-run-down people or are at all debilitated take

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
It purifies and enriches the blood, and builds up the whole system.  
Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolate tablets called Sarsatabs.

If you want to invest your money safely and profitably, purchase a farm mortgage drawing from 15 to 45¢. Interest paid promptly, when due. For particulars, write to Jacob Sonderhoff, Huntington, N. D.

**98% of the World's Creameries Use**  
**DE LAVAL**  
**Cream Separators**

Ten years ago there were a dozen different makes of creamery or factory separators in use. Today over 98 per cent. of the world's creameries use DE LAVAL separators exclusively.

It means a difference of several thousands dollars a year whether a DE LAVAL or some other make of separator is used in a creamery.

Exactly the same differences exist, on a smaller scale, in the use of farm separators. Owing to the fact, however, that most farm users do not keep as accurate records as the creameryman, they do not appreciate just what the difference between a good and a poor separator means to them in dollars and cents. Nine times out of ten the farmer can't tell whether or not he is wasting \$50 to \$100 a year in quantity and quality of product through the use of an inferior cream separator.

Now, if you were in need of legal advice, you would go to a lawyer. If you were sick you would consult a doctor. If you had the toothache you would call on a dentist. Why? Because these men are all specialists in their line, and you rely upon their judgment and skill. When it comes to buying a separator why not profit by the experience of the creameryman? His experience qualifies him to advise you correctly. He knows which separator will give you the best service and be the most economical for you to buy. That's why 98 per cent. of the world's creameries use the DE LAVAL exclusively.

There can be no better recommendation for the DE LAVAL than the fact that the men who make the separation of milk a business use the DE LAVAL to the practical exclusion of all other makes.

Before you buy any Cream Separator be sure to see the local DE LAVAL agent and try a DE LAVAL.

**THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.**  
155-157 Broadway, NEW YORK.  
175-177 William Street, MONTREAL.  
25 E. Madison Street, CHICAGO.  
14 & 16 Princess Street, WINNIPEG.  
DUNSMuir & SACRAMENTO STS., SAN FRANCISCO.  
1015 WESTERN AVENUE, SEATTLE.

**The Army of Constipation**  
Is Growing Smaller Every Day.  
**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS** are responsible—they not only give relief, they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Bilelessness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin, SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

**CULTIVATORS**  
Dio Harrows, Chug, Sulky and Walking Plows. Sold at factory prices, on 30 day's FREE trial. Guaranteed satisfactory or your money back. Send me a postcard for FREE catalog and low freight—prepaid prices.  
**THE PLOW MAN, Mouth of Plow Factory**  
271 South Main Street, Mouth of Plow, Illinois.

**BALE YOUR HAY PRESS**  
It will bring you more money. Send for Catalog.  
**P. K. DEDERICK'S SONS**  
100 Tivoli St., Albany, N. Y.

**DAISY FLY KILLER**  
placed anywhere, at once kills all flies. Neat, clean, hygienic. Lasts all season. Can't fly over, will not get in house, or on food. No odor. Write for FREE catalog and low freight—prepaid prices.  
150 So. Main Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.

**A COUNTRY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS**  
in New York City. Best features of country and city life. Out-of-door sports on school park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Academic Course Primary Class to Graduation. Upper class for Advanced Special Students: Music and Art. Write for catalogue and terms.  
Miss Rouse and Miss White, Theodate House, near 23rd St., West 41 St., N. Y. C.

**BOYS AND GIRLS EARN**  
big money, sell 21 packages, 10¢ each, keep \$1.50 and as \$1.50, no trust job. 10¢ an hour. A. Social Agency, Dept. A, Box 8, Chicago, Ill., 61. Post. Please.

**PATENTS** Fortunes are made in patents. Protect your ideas. Our 64 page book free. **Wrightson & Co., Box 24, Washington, D. C.**  
W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 20-1911.

**A Question of Change.**  
A story is going the rounds of a couple of young people who attended church recently. When the collection was being taken up the young man commenced fishing in his pocket for a dime. His face expressed his embarrassment as he hoarsely whispered: "I guess I haven't a cent, I changed my pants." The young lady, who had been examining the unknown regions of woman's dress for her purse, turned a pink color and said, "I'm in the same fix."

**Important to Mothers**  
Examine carefully every bottle of **CASTORIA**, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of **Dr. J. C. Fletcher**. In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

**Consistent.**  
Doctor—You are considerably under weight, sir. What have you been doing?  
Patient—Nothing. But I'm a retired grocer, doc.—Puck.

**'HOMESEKERS' or others interested in SOUTHERN OPPORTUNITIES** should write B. C. Prince, Bainbridge, Ga., for copy of beautiful illustrated booklet entitled "THE LAND OF PROMISE."

There is still plenty of honey in the rock for the man who has the patience to keep on pegging away until he gets to it.

For over fifty years Rheumatism and Neuralgia sufferers have found great relief in **Homing Wizard Oil**. Don't wait for inflammation to set in. Get a bottle today.

When a girl yawns it's up to the young man to get in the home stretch.

Mrs. Winslow's Sooty Syrup for Children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, always cures, cures wind colic, 25¢ a bottle.

A man may avoid family cares by taking care of his family.

Chew and smoke saturated tobacco, cheap and undoped. **Moriwether & Edwards, Clarksville, Tenn.**

Laughter will keep the doctor off your doorstep.—Witchell.

Farms for rent or sale on crop payments. **J. Mahall, Sioux City, Iowa.**

If you want a thing well done, do it yourself.—Wellington.

**Faint?**  
Have you weak heart, dizzy feelings, oppressed breathing after meals? Or do you experience pain over the heart, shortness of breath on going up stairs and the many distressing symptoms which indicate poor circulation and bad blood? A heart, too, blood and body-builder that has stood the test of over 40 years of cure is

**Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery**  
The heart becomes regular as clock-work. The red blood corpuscles are increased in number—and the nerves in turn are well fed. The arteries are filled with good rich blood. That is why nervous debility, irritability, fainting spells, disappear and are overcome by this alternative extract of medicinal roots put up by Dr. Pierce without the use of alcohol. Ask your neighbor. Many have been cured of anorexic conditions, ulcers, "lover's fever," white swellings, etc., by taking Dr. Pierce's Discovery. Just the refreshing and vitalizing tonic needed for excessive tissue waste, in convalescence from fevers or for run-down, anemic, thin-blooded people. Stok to this safe and sure remedy and refuse all "just as good" klads offered by the dealer who is looking for a larger profit. Nothing will do you half as much good as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.



## FREE



A trial package of Munyon's Paw Paw Pills will be sent free to anyone on request. Address Professor Munyon, 53d & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa. If you are in need of medical advice, do not fail to write Professor Munyon. Your communication will be treated in strict confidence, and your case will be diagnosed as carefully as though you had a personal interview.

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills are unlike all other laxatives or cathartics. They coax the liver into actively by gentle methods. They do not scour, they do not grip, they do not weaken, but they do start all the secretions of the liver and stomach in a way that soon puts these organs in a healthy condition and corrects constipation. In my opinion constipation is responsible for most ailments. There are 20 feet of human bowels, which is really a sewer pipe. When this pipe becomes clogged the whole system becomes poisoned, causing biliousness, indigestion and impure blood, which often produces rheumatism and kidney ailments. No woman who suffers with constipation or any liver ailment can expect to have a clear complexion or enjoy good health. If I had my way I would prohibit the sale of nine-tenths of the cathartics that are now being sold for the reason that they soon destroy the lining of the stomach, setting up serious forms of indigestion, and so paralyze the bowels that they refuse to act unless forced by strong purgatives.

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves. They invigorate instead of weaken; they enrich the blood instead of impoverish it; they enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it.

These pills contain no calomel, no dope; they are soothing, healing and stimulating. They school the bowels to act without physic.

Regular size bottle, containing 45 pills, 25 cents. Munyon's Laboratory, 53d & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia.

## THE PARK & POLLARD CO. DRY-MASH

**RAISE EVERY CHICKEN YOU HATCH**

You can and will do it if you use the "LULLABY" BROODERS and feed them Park & Pollard Gritless-Chick and Growing Feeds.

You never saw chickens thrive if you have not used these feeds. Your money back if you do not find them better than we claim.

The Park & Pollard Year Book and Almanac contains more detailed facts about poultry than any \$1.00 book published. It is free for the asking. Write for it today, anyway. We carry a full stock of these wonderful "Lullaby" Brooders, and guarantee satisfaction or your money back.

Come in our store—let us demonstrate the superiority of the Lullaby Brooder and Park & Pollard Feeds.

**THE FAIR**  
Mammoth Grocery Department  
State, Adams and Dearborn Streets  
CHICAGO



**Readers**—of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

**LIVE STOCK AND MISCELLANEOUS**  
In great variety for sale at the lowest prices by  
WESTERN EXCHANGE UNION, 1211 W. Adams St., Chicago

**HAVE** you \$10.00 per month to invest for ten months in an institution now earning 15%? Your investment secured by vendors who have no other means of raising money. Write for information and bank references P. O. Box 700, Dallas, Texas.

**WATERBURY'S EYE SALVE**  
KIDNEY PILLS  
(Anterior) MARTIN'S SANITARIUM, MARTIN'S

**100 YEARS OLD** Peppin's Eye Salve

## LABOR CHIEFS FREE

SUPREME COURT DECIDES GOMPERS, MITCHELL AND MORRISON NOT IN CONTEMPT.

TRIO LIABLE TO FINE ONLY

Ruling in Famous Bucks Stove Boycott Is That Proceedings Were Civil and Not Criminal.

Washington.—The Supreme court of the United States set aside the sentences of imprisonment against President Samuel Gompers, Vice-President John Mitchell and Secretary Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor. The sentences were imposed by the district supreme court for contempt in the Bucks stove case. The court decided that the federal officials had been erroneously sentenced to jail on a charge of contempt of a local court.

The justices unanimously held that fines were the only sentences that could be imposed on the labor leaders.

In so holding, the Supreme court of the United States found that the court of appeals of the District of Columbia and the supreme court of the district erred in treating the contempt proceedings as a criminal case and not a civil one. The effect of holding the proceedings a civil one was to make jail sentences impossible. Hence the jail sentences had to be set aside.

To correct the error the case was sent back to the local courts, with direction that it be dismissed. At the same time the court expressly made it possible for civil proceedings to be instituted against the labor men.

The court was led to hold that the contempt proceedings in this case must be civil in nature because criminal punishment is exercised by courts to force persons to do acts commanded. In the present case the court took the view that the labor men were being sent to jail not to make them do something the court ordered but because of "something they had done."

Inasmuch as all the differences between the labor men and the complainant have been adjusted, including the "boycott" case out of which the contempt proceedings arose, the decision is probably the last heard of this famous action.

The charges of contempt against Messrs. Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison arose out of a bitter labor war between organized labor and the Bucks Stove & Range company of St. Louis.

The concern had come into the supreme court of the District of Columbia to prevent, by injunction, the American Federation of Labor and its officials from boycotting its own products or the business of those who dealt with it.

The company claimed that the federal court was trying to unionize the company's shops. The labor leaders urged that the company was "unfair" to labor. The head of the company was J. W. Van Cleave, president of the National Manufacturers' association, which had often come into conflict with the federation. He was charged with having been opposed to organized labor.

Justice Gould of the district supreme court issued the injunction prayed for by the company, and continued publication of the Bucks firm's name in the federation "we do not patronize" list led to the contempt charges.

Justice Wright found the union officers guilty and sentenced President Gompers to one year in jail; Vice-President Mitchell to nine months, and Secretary Morrison to six months.

It was further charged that in the succeeding number of the Federationist Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison joined in an appeal to organized labor for funds to carry the injunction case to the higher court. It was contended that this appeal was used as a vehicle to continue the boycott.

The charges stated that the appeal referred to an editorial in the same number of the magazine as setting forth the attitude of those making the appeal. This editorial was attributed to Mr. Gompers.

In addition to the "urgent appeal" in which Mr. Mitchell joined, he was accused of having acted in contempt by presiding over the United Mine Workers' convention when it adopted a resolution to fine any member who bought a Bucks stove.

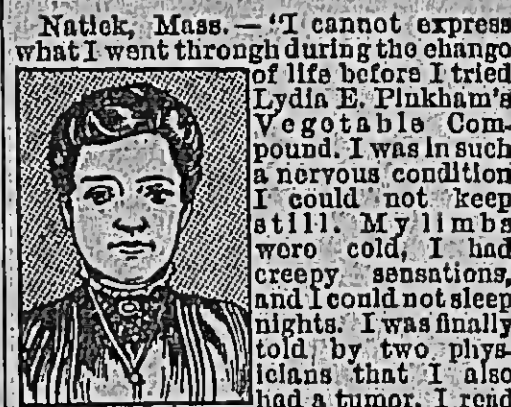
**Woman Is Brutally Murdered.**  
Elgin, Ill.—Elgin and the entire country roundabout here are aroused over the discovery of the unidentified body of a woman, brutally murdered, her skull battered in three places, her throat slashed and her clothing set on fire, resulting in the burning of her body. The dead woman was discovered under the Illinois Central railroad viaduct, about four miles south of here.

**Hofstetter Trial Again.**  
Pittsburg, Pa.—Frank N. Hofstetter, banker and president of the Pressed Steel Car company, was placed on trial in criminal court on a charge of bribery growing out of the councilmanic graft investigation. In his first trial the jury disagreed.

**U. S. Sells Indian Lands.**  
Wotoka, Okla.—A government auction sold 2,000 tracts of unallotted land in the Seminole, Creek and Cherokee nations began. Not more than 160 acres were sold to one person.

## WHAT I WENT THROUGH

Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Natick, Mass.—"I cannot express what I went through during the change of life before I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was in such a nervous condition I could not keep still. My limbs were cold, I had creepy sensations, and I could not sleep nights. I was finally told by two physicians that I also had a tumor. I read one day of the wonderful cures made by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and decided to try it, and it has made me a well woman. My neighbors and friends declare it had worked a miracle for me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is worth its weight in gold for women during this period of life. If it will help others you may publish my letter."—MRS. NATHAN B. GREATER, 61 N. Main Street, Natick, Mass.

The change of life is the most critical period of a woman's existence. Women everywhere should remember that there is no other remedy known to medicine that will so successfully carry women through this trying period as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

### GREATLY ATTACHED TO IT

Husband Who Had "Married Money" Acknowledged the Truth to His Friend's Query.

Apologies of a beautiful young wife, worth \$40,000,000, who had just divorced her penniless husband in order to marry again, Henry E. Dixey, the comedian, said at a dinner in New York:

"The young man who marries for money has none too easy a time of it. His rich wife is likely to tire of him and throw him out in a few years, or else she is likely to limit his allowance to 25 or 50 cents a day."

"I married money," a man once said to me.

"Wasn't there a woman attached to it?" I asked.

"Yes, you bet there was," he exploded. "So much attached to it that she never parted with a penny."

**Ambiguous.**  
Obliging Shopman (to lady who has purchased a pound of butter)—Shall I send it for you, madam?

Lady—No, thank you. It won't be too heavy for me.

Obliging Shopman—Oh, no, madam, I'll make it as light as I possibly can.—Punch.

**Footish.**  
"I am going to ask your father tonight for your hand in marriage."

"How dreadfully old fashioned you are."

"In what way?"

"Don't ask him; tell him."

**The Riddle.**  
The Sphinx propounded a puzzle. "Why does it always rain the day you move?" she asked.

Herewith the ancients gave it up.

A woman's idea of a brave man is one who isn't afraid to go into a dark closet in which there may be a mouse.

### IN THE GOOD OLD SUMMER TIME.

Many a time this summer you're going to be just about done out by the heat—hot, and so thirsty it just seems nothing could quench it. When such moments arrive or when you just want a delicious, palatable drink step into the first place you can find where they sell COCA-COLA. It's delicious, refreshing and completely thirst-quenching. At soda-fountains or carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere. Send to the COCA-COLA CO., Atlanta, Ga., for their free booklet "The Truth About COCA-COLA." Tells what COCA-COLA is and why it is so delicious, cooling and wholesome.

**To the Childish Mind.**  
Dorothy Ullman of East Eighty-fourth street, is a very literal young person. To her mother's definition of the All-Seeing Eye she returned a question as to the size of the eye.

"Can God see everything?" she continued.

"Yes, dear. He can see everything, at all times."

That afternoon Dorothy escorted her mother downtown. Before an optician's display she stopped. Then, "Mother," she asked, pointing to the big winking eye in the window: "Is God's eye as big as this?"—Cleveland Leader.

**A Poetic Prosecutor.**  
John Burns, city prosecutor of St. Paul, was trying to show Judge Finch why some young men ought to be fined for tearing pickets off the fence of Mrs. J. G. Gieske. Mr. Burns said:

"I know Mike Chickot tore off that picket, and the lady took offense."

"No lady is charged with taking a fence," replied Judge Finch, "and, besides, this is no place for poetry."

**Remember This: Nothing Known to Medical Science**

Will so quickly relieve and completely stop the burning pain of itching and inflamed Piles as Resinol Ointment. Resinol is used and recommended by Medical Men, Dentists and Nurses throughout the world for the relief and cure of all irritations of the skin and sores and fissures of nose, mouth and rectum. It is the recognized standard remedy for Eczema and other itching skin troubles, and the best application that can be made for Burns and Scalds. It is sold at all drug stores.

**Age of Oysters.**  
Oysters grow only during the summer and especially during the long, warm summer at that, and are scarcely big enough for the month before the third year. It is easy after looking over a bunch of shells to tell how old an oyster is. A summer hump and the winter sink come across the shell every year, but after the seventh or tenth year full growth comes, then, by looking at the sink between the humps it is hard to tell anything more about Miss Oyster's age. Oysters live to be twenty years old.

**"Kicking the Bucket."**  
When we speak facetiously of some one of whom we have no reverence as having "kicked the bucket" we employ a phrase that would seem to be a piece of latter-day slang, but as a matter of fact, it dates back to old England, when, about the year 1725, one Bolsover hung himself to a beam while standing on the bottom of a bucket and then kicked the bucket away. Although at first used only in cases of suicide, it has been applied in the course of years to any death without distinction.

**If You Have Money.**  
That fellow Gotrox is a multimillionaire. He has more money than brains."

"Well, what does he want with brains?"

**Quite Often.**  
Figs—Two negatives make an affirmative, you know.

Fogg—With a woman it takes only one.

BETTER FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN THAN CASTOR OIL, SALTS, OR PILLS, AS IT SWEETENS AND CLEANSSES THE SYSTEM MORE EFFICIENTLY AND IS FAR MORE PLEASANT TO TAKE.

## SYRUP OF FIGS and ELIXIR OF SENNA

IS THE IDEAL FAMILY LAXATIVE, AS IT GIVES SATISFACTION TO ALL, IS ALWAYS BENEFICIAL IN ITS EFFECTS AND PERFECTLY SAFE AT ALL TIMES.

NOTE THE NAME  
**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**

In the Circle,  
on every Package of the Genuine.

ALL RELIABLE DRUGGISTS SELL THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE WHEN CALLED FOR, ALTHOUGH THEY COULD MAKE A LARGER PROFIT BY SELLING INFERIOR PREPARATIONS, YET THEY PREFER TO SELL THE GENUINE, BECAUSE IT IS RIGHT TO DO SO AND FOR THE GOOD OF THEIR CUSTOMERS. WHEN IN NEED OF MEDICINES, SUCH DRUGGISTS ARE THE ONES TO DEAL WITH, AS YOUR LIFE OR HEALTH MAY AT SOME TIME, DEPEND UPON THEIR SKILL AND RELIABILITY.

WHEN BUYING

Note the Full Name of the Company

**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**

PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE, OF THIS GENUINE, ONE SIZE ONLY, FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. REGULAR PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS THE ONLY PERFECT FAMILY LAXATIVE, BECAUSE IT IS THE ONE REMEDY WHICH ACTS IN A NATURAL, STRENGTHENING WAY AND CLEANSSES THE SYSTEM, WITHOUT UNPLEASANT AFTER-EFFECTS AND WITHOUT IRRITATING, DEBILITATING OR CRIPING, AND THEREFORE DOES NOT INTERFERE IN ANY WAY WITH BUSINESS OR PLEASURE. IT IS RECOMMENDED BY MILLIONS OF WELL-INFORMED FAMILIES, WHO KNOW OF ITS VALUE FROM PERSONAL USE. TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE, MANUFACTURED BY THE

**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**

## W. L. DOUGLAS

EST. 1878 \$2.50 \$3 \$3.50 & \$4 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas shoes cost more to make than ordinary shoes, because higher grade leathers are used and selected with greater care. These are the reasons why W. L. Douglas shoes are guaranteed to hold their shape, look and fit better and wear longer than any other shoes you can buy.

**Beware of Substitutes.**

The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom, which guarantees full value and protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES CLAIMED TO BE "JUST AS GOOD."

If your dealer cannot supply you with the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, 145 Spring St., Hockley, Mass. Boys' Shoes \$2.00, \$2.50 & \$3.00

**Some Antique Mugs.**  
The college collector of antiques stopped off at Bacon Ridge.

"Good day, sir," he said, addressing the postmaster. "I am collecting old-fashioned articles and would like to know if I could find anything like that in this hamlet. Say antique mugs, for instance."

Uncle Jason stroked his chin while he considered.

"Antique mugs! By heh, I know the very place where there be two of them now."

"You do? Here's a good cigar. Now where can I find these antique mugs?"

"Why, down on Main street, in Hilram Sprucey's shop. Grandad Wheatley and Pap Simmons are in there getting shayed, and by heh, when it comes to antique mugs, I reckon there be the oldest in the country, stranger."

**Difficult to Answer.**  
Explaining the happenings of the sixth day of the creation, Miss Frances Hartz read to her Sabbath school class: "And the Lord God formed man out of the dust of the ground."

"Well," spoke up one kid, "that's nothing new. Did he put him in the sun to dry, the way we do our mud-pies?"

Miss Hartz discreetly sturred the answer and proceeded with her lesson.—Cleveland Leader.

**Strictly Business.**  
Mrs. Knicker—Did you hold a short session with your husband?

Mrs. Becker—Yes, I merely had him pass an appropriation bill.

Even a wise man can't tell when a woman's hat is on straight.

**Well Mated.**  
Thus the inquisitive boarder: "What has become of the old-fashioned woman who used to call a wedding reception an infatue?"

Response by the white-haired boarder: "I think she married the old-fashioned man who used to crack his knuckles regularly twice a day."

**To the Point.**  
Over in Hoboken in a shop frequented by Germans, hangs a sign framed in mournful black, reading thus: "We regret to inform our honored customers that our good and generous friend, Mr. Credit, expired today. He was a noble soul, always willing and helpful, but has been falling for some time. May he rest in peace. PAY CASH!"

**Local Color.**  
"I understand that sixteen different women have brought suit for breach of promise against Ritter. What's his defense?"

"Oh, he claims that he was simply getting material for his annual output of summer love stories."—Puck.

**Too Much Like Work.**  
"The boss's son is kicking."

"Why?"

"Say he's overworked. All he used to do was tear the pages off the office calendars once a month. Now he has to wind the eight-day clock, too."

**Very Much Attached.**  
Swenson—Why do you always bear a ship referred to as "she"?

Benson—I guess it is because she sometimes becomes very much attached to a buoy.

## Can't Get Away From It

Is it possible to nourish, strengthen and Rebuild the Brain by Food?

Every man who thinks uses up part of the brain each day. Why don't it all disappear and leave an empty skull in say a month of brain work? Because the man rebuilds each day.

If he builds a little less than he destroys, brain fog and nervous prostration result sure. If he builds back a little more each day, the brain grows stronger and more capable. That also is sure. Where does man get the material to rebuild his brain? Is it from air, sky or the lee of the Arctic sea? When you come to think about it, the rebuilding material must be in the food and drink.

That also is sure.

Are the brain-rebuilding materials found in all food? In a good variety but not in suitable proportion in all.

To illustrate: we know bones are made largely of lime and magnesia taken from food; therefore to make healthy bone structure we must have food containing these things. We would hardly feed only sugar and fat to make healthy bone structure in a growing child.

Likewise if we would feed in a skillful manner to insure getting what the brain requires for strength and rebuilding, we must first know what the brain is composed of and then select some article or articles (there are more than one) that contain these elements.

Analysis of brain by an unquestionable authority, Geoghegan, shows of Mineral Salts, Phosphoric Acid and Potash combined (Phosphate of Potash) 2.01 per cent of the total, 5.33 of all mineral salts.

This is over one-half.

Beaunis, another authority, shows "Phosphoric Acid combined" and Potash 73.44 per cent from a total of 101.07.

Considerable more than one-half of Phosphate of Potash.

Analysis of Grape-Nuts shows: Potassium and Phosphorus (which join and make Phosphate of Potash) is considerable more than one-half of all the mineral salts in the food.

Dr. Geo. W. Carey, an authority on the constituent elements of the body, says: "The gray matter of the brain is controlled entirely by the inorganic cell-salt, Potassium Phosphate (Phosphate of Potash)." This salt unites with albumen and by the addition of oxygen creates nerve fluid or the gray matter of the brain. Of course, there is a trace of other salts and other organic matter in nerve fluid, but Potassium Phosphate is the chief factor and has the power within itself to attract, by its own law of affinity, all things needed to manufacture the oil of life."

Further on he says: "The beginning and end of the matter is to supply the lacking principle, and in molecular form, exactly as nature furnishes it in vegetables, fruits and grain. To supply deficiencies—this is the only law of cure."

The natural conclusion is that if Phosphate of Potash is the needed mineral element in brain and you use food which does not contain it, you have brain fog because its daily loss is not supplied.

On the contrary, if you eat food known to be rich in this element, you place before the life forces that which nature demands for brain-building.

Mind does not work well on a brain that is broken down by lack of nourishment. A peaceful and evenly poised mind is necessary to good digestion.

Worry, anxiety, fear, hate, etc., etc., directly interfere with or stop the flow of Pyloric, the digestive juice of the mouth, and also interfere with the flow of the digestive juices of stomach and pancreas.

Therefore, the mental state of the individual has much to do (more than suspected) with digestion.

Brain is made of Phosphate of Potash as the principal Mineral Salt, added to albumen and water.

Grape-Nuts contain that element as more than one-half of all its mineral salts.

A healthy brain is important, if one would "do things" in this world.

A man who sneers at "Mind" sneers at the best, and least understood part of himself. That part which some folks believe links us to the Infinite.

Mind asks for a healthy brain upon which to act, and Nature has defined a way to make a healthy brain and renew it day by day as it is used up from work of the previous day.

Nature's way to rebuild is by the use of food which supplies the things required. Brain rebuilding material is certainly found in

## Grape-Nuts

"There's a Reason"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.,  
Battle Creek, Mich.



**Planning the House.**  
 "Well," said Offord Berrington, cheerfully, "I've got the plans for my new house on the lake shore all finished."  
 "Finished to suit you?"  
 "No-no. But the architect is satisfied, and that's the best I can expect."  
 "Ha, ha! How about Mrs. Berrington?"  
 "It's all right with her, too. In fact, she got that fixed before we started. You see, she laid out the cupboards and wardrobes, and all the architect had to do was to build a house around them."

**Better Done in Private.**  
 A well-known doctor, we read, advises people to roll the eyes in order to strengthen the eye-muscles. A little risky, perhaps; for if this exercise were carelessly practiced in crowded restaurants and other public places, the eye would stand a good chance of being suddenly blackened.

**To Save Time.**  
 He simply couldn't help it. He was born lazy. As a rule, if not sleepy, he could get through a shave in about 35 minutes. But today, after only 14 hours' sleep, he appeared even more sluggish than ever. As he applied the lather to his customer's beard, his brush lingered haltingly, as though loath to leave the stubby chin to which it was being applied. The customer was a patient man, and stood this for a considerable while. But at last his patience began to ooze, and he interrupted a 40 winks' interval with a cough.

"Sere, lad," he suggested. "Aa've an idea. Hand your hand, keep the brush still, an' Aa'll wag ma' head for ye!"

**Farming Annoyance.**  
 One of Abe Martin's sayings was this: "The hardest thing a farmer does, next to plowin', is givin' half the road to a touring car."

## TALE OF GRAFT IN NEW YORK

How Man in Office, Who Ignorantly Demanded \$100 and Might Have Had \$15,000.

This is a little story of New York graft, according to the New York correspondent of the Cincinnati Times-Star. Unfortunately, the names may not be used. But it has been the custom of a corporation in this city to pay a sort of retaining fee to the holder of a certain political office, just to be let alone. The corporation heads did not ask anything else from the officeholder. They merely did not want to be prodded by crusades which presumably had an origin in a desire for reform. The graft payment for years had been \$10,000. "We'll likely have to pay more, now that So-and-so is in office," said they, when a certain man was elected. "He has the name of being very grasping."

So they sent an intermediary to the newly elected officeholder, with power to negotiate. They were willing to pay \$15,000, if necessary, but not a penny more. The usual preliminaries were gone through. "Your company will have to come over," said the officeholder. "I'm no cheap man. I know you've been paying right along, and you'll have to pay me more than you have been giving up to this office in the past. When I go grafting I go right." And he swelled up and looked very important. The intermediary was frightened. He asked very humbly how much the officeholder would demand.

"Not a penny less than \$500 a year," said the officeholder, sternly. The sum was paid, and it was not until the officeholder had been out of office for months that he learned the scale on which previous payments had been made. The information actually sent him into a decline. He grieved so over it that he really lost his health. If one mentions a large sum of money in his presence nowadays he's apt to burst into tears.

**Decision Reversed.**  
 The cook, who had held away long enough to be established as family autocrat, was sent out to buy the Christmas turkey. She returned with two fine, plump chickens. "Why, Mary," her mistress remonstrated, "I told you to get a turkey, not chickens." "I know, mum," she answered, "but I don't like turkey."—Success Magazine

**Cooking Hint.**  
 Whenever you are baking cookies pin a piece of muslin over the bread board, stretching it tight. Flour the muslin well, and you can roll the dough as soft and thin as you please. A piece of muslin around the rolling pin is another improvement.

## HOUSEKEEPERS SALE

Some Special Prices on Housekeeping Helps that it Will Pay to Send For. Every one a Time Saver that Makes House Work Easy

Step ladders, 4 ft. 6 ft. and 7 ft. sizes with steel brace rod through under every other step at very small prices. The 6 ft. size specially priced to Antioch buyers for.....

95c

Carpet beaters of rattan for 10c—of strong steel wire, with wire through the handle, for 19c down to.....

10c

Mop sticks with extra quality 45c mop for.....

50c

Scrubbing brushes in every size and every kind, palmato, rice root, fibre, and wire for 10c and.....

5c

Floor sweepers for \$3.00 down to.....

49c

Door mats that clean and scrape the shoes, pan underneath to catch the dirt, \$2.50 kind, 15 inches by 36 inches for.....

1.25

Cocoa door mats for \$1.25, 75c and.....

59c

Carpet Sweepers—National and Bissell carpet sweepers, known the world over \$2.50 up to.....

4.50

Gas Fixtures—Inverted Lindsey light complete for 89c. Inverted mantle, half frosted globe, brass fixture, a good value for 50c, this sale.....

39c

Curtain Rods

Kirsch curtain rods that are the handiest rod made, made with overdrape attachment up from.....

25c

Curtain rods with white ball finished ends for.....

10c

Sash rods for 8c and.....

10c

### Poultry Wire

Two inch mesh poultry wire in every size up to 6 ft. wide is shown in the basement. Special offer to Antioch buyers—the 2 in. mesh for a square foot in full rolls, 150 running feet in a roll. One inch mesh in every size up to 36 in. width, special, in rolls of 150 running feet, a square foot for

1c

### Shino Dust Mop

Here is the one thing every housekeeper ought to have. Absorbs the dust and polishes the floor. Does not lose its chemical when washed. Will fit on any mop handle, each

50c

### Screening and Screens

Black japanned screening in 18, 20, 22, 24, 26 inch and so on up to the 42 inch width shown in the basement. Special price on the 42 in. width for porch frames and large windows, yard

20c

Adjustable screens in three sizes from 18 by 20 inches to 36 by 36 inches. The 18x20 size adjusts from 20 inches to 33 in. and is specially priced at

23c

We Pay Freight on Orders of \$5.00 or More

WASHINGTON STREET  
**G.R. Lyon & Sons**  
 WAUKEGAN ILLINOIS

We Pay Freight on Orders of \$5.00 or More

Guaranteed For Life

# Hupmobile

Guaranteed For Life

## The Low Price Car of Quality

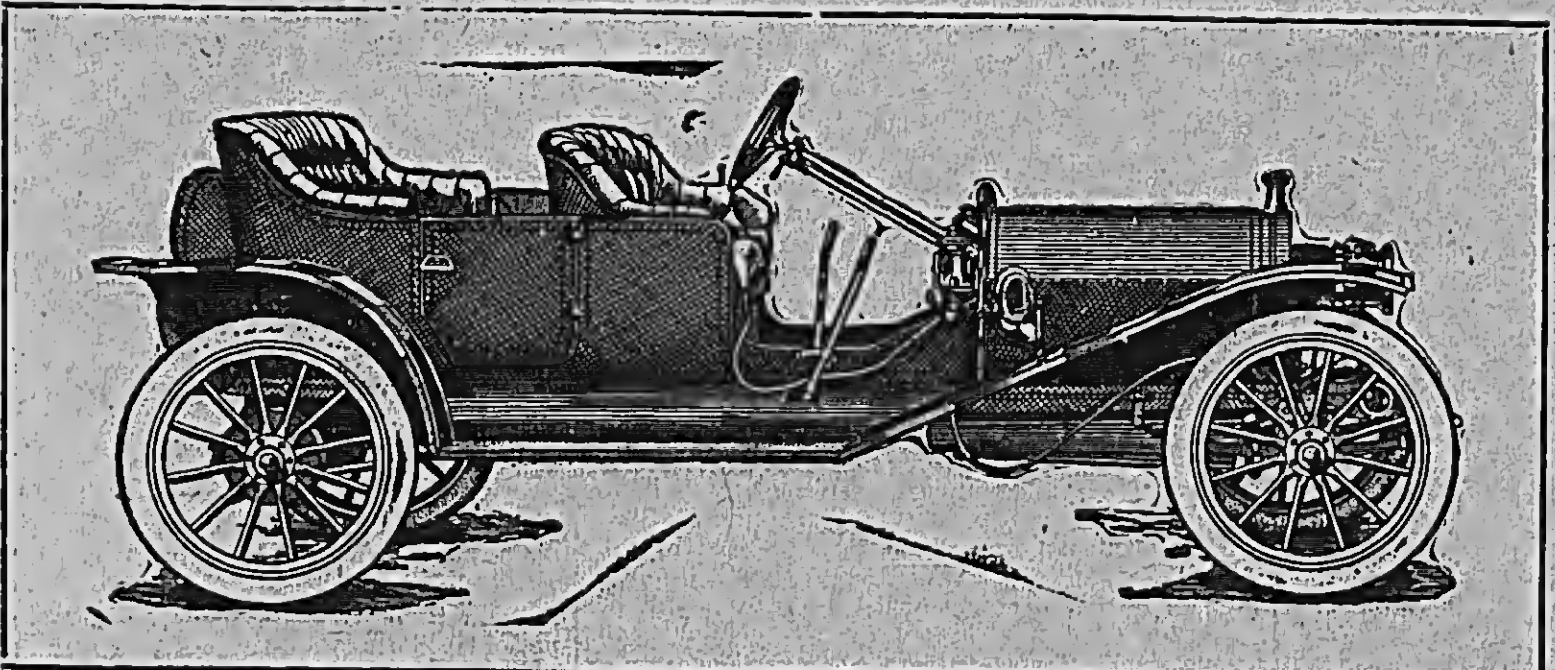
### Touring Car Specifications

CHASSIS—Same as runabout except wheel base of 110 inch. Heavier frame, longer running boards, etc. Gear ratio 4½ to 1. Vanadium steel rear spring.

BODY—Metal, 4 passenger, wide rear doors, storage space under both seats, carpet in tonneau, tufted upholstery, deep cushions, low, clean lines, ample leg room. Color: Hupp blue, white stripes, gray wheels.

EQUIPMENT—Gas head lamps and generator, oil side and tail lamps, shock absorbers in front, other equipment same as runabout.

TIRES—Front 30x3, Rear 31x3½.



### Touring Car

A new model of four passenger capacity, combining speed, comfort, beauty of line with sturdy construction

Price, \$900 F. O. B. Detroit  
 With fore-door equipment, \$925

### Torpedo

A speedy, smart clean-cut little aristocrat with the lines of the costliest protected touring types.

Price, \$850 F. O. B. Detroit

To you who have sought the utmost in a small four-passenger motor car at a reasonable price, let this car fulfill your desires. We present, at last, the car of values which none can surpass at the same or near the price at which this is offered. This excellent product should be received with such enthusiasm as was the runabout two years ago. Careful examination will bring to light the completeness of the car's details and also its sturdy construction. The heart of this attractive car is none other than the famous 20 h. p. Hupmobile unit power plant with the ability to negotiate steep grades "on high." The chassis is a lengthened edition of that of the runabout with a frame increased

in strength to meet the new demands placed upon it. Value is so apparent in this car at \$900 that it should not even need the help of this adv. to sell every car we could make. We want you to become acquainted with our representative. Waste no time, secure a satisfying demonstration at the earliest date possible. There has been nothing quite so good since the debut of our first runabout. One of the features of the car is its easy riding qualities and ample leg room is provided for the tallest person. The car is not what could be termed "high powered" for with an excess of power the running expense would increase. It has ample power and can be operated at small expense.

**Tiffany & Felter**

Lake County Agents

**Antioch, Illinois**